

GROCERIES & LIQUORS.
FOR THIRTY DAYS ONLY.

ENDING THE 1st OF MARCH, 1867.

HAIGHT, ARCHER & CO.

WILL RETAIL.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS

AT WHOLESALE PRICES.

THIS REDUCTION IN PRICES WILL CONTINUE BUT THIRTY DAYS AS WE CONTEMPLATE A CHANGE IN THE PRESENT FIRM ON THE 1st DAY OF MARCH.

FLORENCE MILLS AND OTHER CHOICE BRANDS OF

FLOUR

WILL BE SOLD AT CLEVELAND PRICES.

ALL DEBTS DUE THIS FIRM MUST BE PAID IMMEDIATELY.

HAIGHT, ARCHER & CO.

CLAIM AGENCY.

PERLEY'S

National Claim Agency

Principal Office,
FARMER HALL, WEST PARK, RIDE, PENNA.

LANMAN CHASE,

(Successor to E. H. CHASE, Esq.)
SOLICITOR.

Office with Gordon S. Berry, Attorney at Law,
NO. 1 FLETCHER'S BLOCK.

Soldiers, remember your Claims for Additional Bounty must be filed immediately to be paid within one year.

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS ADDITIONAL BOUNTY

Can now be obtained by Soldiers enlisting for three years serving their term of enlistment or being discharged for wounds, providing they received no more than ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS Government Bounty, or by the heirs of those killed or who died in service.

FATHER & MOTHER MUST APPLY JOINTLY!
AN ADDITIONAL FIFTY DOLLARS BOUNTY

For all Soldiers enlisting for two years, and discharged as above, or heirs of same.

Remember, S. TODD PERLEY was four years in the United States Treasury.

FIFTY DOLLARS PER MONTH

Instead of Eight Dollars for all living use of land or lot.

TWENTY DOLLARS BOUNTY

For loss of two limbs or use of the same.

Communications, enclosing stamp, promptly answered, free of charge.

TWENTY-FOUR DOLLARS PENSION

FOR EACH SOLDIER'S CHILD,
In addition to the Widow's Pension

Remember, S. TODD PERLEY was for two years Commissioner for Soldiers for Pennsylvania, at Washington, D.C.

CLAIMS FOR PRIZE MONEY PROMPTLY COLLECTED.

DO NOT FORGET ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS

More Bounty can be had by Widow, Father, Mother, or other persons receiving but One Hundred Dollars Bounty, by addressing

S. TODD PERLEY, Esq., PENNA.

Or Special Solicitor,

LANMAN CHASE,

Office with Gordon S. Berry, Attorney at Law,
NO. 1 FLETCHER'S BLOCK.

Wm. James, Esq., Warren, Pa.; Wm. D. Co., Titusville, Pa.; Wm. D. Co., Titusville, Pa.; Wm. D. Co., Titusville, Pa.

Full particulars sent on application by mail.

REFERENCE BY SPECIAL PERMISSION.

Gen. Andrew G. Curtis, Governor of Pennsylvania

Gen. Daniel W. Keefe, Member of 60th Congress

Gen. Darius A. Finney

Gen. John D. Walker

Gen. George D. D. Pratt, Attorney General

Gen. John F. Wilson

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Titusville Morning Herald.

Titusville, Tuesday, Feb. 19, 1867.

Advertisements To-Day.
 Pocket Book Lost—Wm. Newkirk.
 Dried and Canned Fruits—H. M. Hall.
 Auction Sale—Gordon & Barry, Auctioneers.
 Engines, Tubing, Tanks, &c.—For Sale—Charles F. Dodge, Superintendent Drake Petroleum Company.
 James Rice, Auctioneer and Commission Merchant.

LEADING MATTER ON EVERY PAGE.

THE CULVER TRIAL.

A twenty-four page pamphlet containing a full report of the evidence, speeches of Judge McCalumet, James Kerr, A. R. Richmond, Chas. E. Taylor, Judge Trunkley's charge, and the verdict of the Jury. Copies may be obtained at this office, or of Hurd & Co., Titusville, Pa.; S. T. Wright, Pioneer; W. A. Farquhar, Boyd Farm; W. H. Nicholson & Co., Petroleum Centre; A. L. Holt, Tarr Farm; Smith, Davis & Co., Franklin; and the newsmen on the Oil Creek & Farmers' Railroad.

Varieties.

—Dr. Aborn's parlors at the American Hotel.
 —Chicago landholders are reducing rents 25 to 30 per cent. this year.
 —The thermometer stood at 75 degrees in New Orleans last Saturday.
 —Congress has appropriated \$4,500,000 for River and Harbor Improvements.
 —An exchange says there are 4000 illicit distilleries in New York and Brooklyn.
 —Next Friday is a legal holiday.
 —Notes falling due the 23d must be paid the day before.
 —Butter sells in Fredonia, N. Y., for 30 cents per pound, and eggs at that figure per dozen.
 —The "Spectacular Drama" of the Black Crook, has just been put on the Rochester stage.
 —Rochester has had another fresher.
 —The Valley Railroad track was submerged for a short time.
 —Judge Caton, late Chief Justice of Illinois, claims to prove that billiards was played 1,700 years ago.
 —Buffalo and Rochester are fighting the passage of the Niagara Ship Canal project now before Congress.
 —The Oil City Register has changed hands. It is now published by J. Wright, W. C. Plummer, and A. V. Wolf.
 —The friends of Oberlin College will be glad to know that the endowment of \$100,000 is likely soon to be made up.
 —Two 2,500 tons burthen iron steamships are now being built on the Clyde to run between Baltimore and Bremen.
 —On Friday last, says the Erie Dispatch, a fire broke out in Kingsville, Ohio, and property to the amount of \$15,000 was destroyed.
 —It is expected that the Official Tenure bill will be passed to-day, the differences between the two Houses having been adjusted.
 —The Connellsville Railroad bill failed in the Senate by four votes. It was gotten up in the interest of the Pennsylvania Central Railway.
 —The Postmaster General is engaged in preparing a new post office directory, containing a list of all the post offices in the United States up to January 1st, 1867.
 —The steamer City of Bath from Boston to Savannah was burned off Cape Hatteras on the 10th inst. Of twenty-six on board only four are supposed to have survived.
 —Joseph Clemens, fifty-four years a slave, walked from Fausquier Court House, Va., to Windsor, Canada, to visit friends who went from the Old Dominion years ago without a pass.
 —The Pennsylvania Coal Company, sold 200,000 tons of Pittston coal last week to be delivered in New York, at prices ranging from \$4.25 to \$5.10, a falling off of 87 1/2 to \$1.00 per ton.
 —An oil refinery and a quantity of refined oil was lately seized in Erie county under a suspicion of being used in making returns. We forbear names till a judicial investigation has been held.
 —What is now shipped in large quantities from California to New York. A vessel with 15,500 bushels on board, after having safely doubled the Cape, sunk on Barnegat Shoals, in sight of New York.

—The New York Legislature has passed a bill giving equal facilities to all express companies doing business on the railroads in the State.
 —Will our Harbinger Solons go and do likewise for Pennsylvania?

Hurd, at the Post Office News Rooms, has received "Every Saturday" for the 23d inst. We are indebted to him for a copy. "The Great Insurrection" is the title of a very valuable paper on that interesting subject.

A supper was given by Major Mills to the Fire Department, at the United States Hotel last evening and was largely attended. The firemen exerted themselves very efficiently for the preservation of Major Mills' property on Sunday night, and Major Mills handsomely returned their compliment.

All Hall, Tennessee!
 The Negro Suffrage bill which passed the Tennessee House of Representatives a few days since, was taken up in the Senate and passed precisely as it came from the House. The Senator desired to strike out the clause preventing colored men from holding office or sitting as jurors; but it was feared that any alteration making it necessary to send the bill back to the House would endanger it, and so the clause was retained. A copyholder member wanted to amend so as to enfranchise rebels as well as negroes, but he was promptly voted down.

Governor Brownlow is known to be in favor of the law, and his official organ some days since announced his readiness to sign it. There is no doubt on this point; there is no treachery or "dogging" in the nature of the heroic old Governor, and the bill may be already considered a law. True, it makes a distinction in regard to jurors and officers, but with the ballot in his hand the black man will soon obtain all his rights. It is a weapon as potent for his own protection and advancement as for the defense of the Union cause against its enemies. He has only to wait a little while to receive the full measure of his freedom and justice that he has earned on the battlefield, and by his faithful devotion to the flag.

Tennessee thus takes the lead in the great march of progress and civilization. She is the first State to adopt universal suffrage as a result of the war. Coming, as this action does, from a State but just freed from the curse of slavery, it is doubly gratifying, and should shame those free States who still cling to the distinctions that should have been swept away by the rebellion. The loyal men of Tennessee have justified the wisdom of Congress in trusting their fidelity. The death knell of rebel rule is at last sounded in Tennessee, and the supremacy of the loyal men in the Government permanently maintained.

A five dollar greenback was handed us yesterday for the Soldier's Widow. The contributor is one of those who believes in practicing what he preaches—that it is more blessed to give than to receive. Who will cast aspersions upon the "money" to-day in this laudable direction? "He that gives to the poor, lendeth to the Lord."

Dr. Aborn.—Parlors at the American Hotel.

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STEAM FIRE ENGINE.

The Common Council Meeting.

A special meeting of the Common Council was held yesterday morning at the rooms of the Titusville Literary Association, all the members being present.
 A resolution was passed that the Fire Committee be authorized to obtain suitable places for the protection of the city property.
 A motion offered by Thomas Goodwin was passed that the Council call a public meeting of the property holders of the city of Titusville, to take into consideration the policy of purchasing a STEAM FIRE ENGINE, and that said meeting be held at City Hall next Saturday evening at 7 1/2 o'clock.

R. D. Fletcher offered the use of a room in his brick building, at a nominal rent, for the use of the Council. The offer was referred to a committee.

No further business being before the Council it adjourned.
 H. B. Ostrow, President.
 A. W. Coburn, Clerk, pro tem.

We are glad to see that our Council are moving in this important matter with such commendable promptness. It is a timely action, for "there is no use in crying over spilt milk." So we do not propose to go into a labyrinthine condition over what might have been. But if we can draw from the past sound lessons of instruction for the future, 't would be fully to let slip the favorable opportunity. Compare the loss to our city of the Chase Block fire, the Moore-House fire, the Franklin street fire last April, the McGary House fire, the Herschberg Block fire and this last fire, with the cost of a first-class Steam Fire Engine, and the comparison dwells into insignificance. Compare the cost of all the fire apparatus purchased by the citizens and the city for the last three years with the cost of a Steam Fire Engine and how much damage would there be against the insurance premiums between our present rates, and what we should pay had we a first-class Steam Fire Engine, well equipped, with the expense of a Steam Fire Engine and we should find that we have spent in surplus premiums enough to buy one. Compare the loss to our city in health, constitution and muscle of its inhabitants who have borne the heat and burden of working Hand Fire Engines and how largely have we lost. The comparison in the last case can hardly be made, as no man will estimate his loss of health in dollars and cents. There is another aspect of the case, more difficult to touch upon, but not the less important. It really transcends in importance all the foregoing considerations. We refer to the dissipation and intemperance that has ever been attendant upon the organization and working of Hand Fire Engines.

We do not speak of this in a spirit of censoriousness—it is a natural incident to the system. There is no work in the world that we have ever tried, equal in drain upon the muscular system to this kind of labor. It is generally attended with a high mental excitement. It is just as easy and natural for a man to brace up with a glass of liquor under such circumstances as to eat a dinner when hungry. We are not going to preach a temperance sermon as such, but we will appeal to every candid reader if our premises and conclusions are not correct. The loss in any of our large cities of lives, from quinquets between rival fire companies, fomented and kept burning by alcoholic liquors, has ever exceeded those lost by the actual accidents of conflagrations. It may seem to some that these words are harsh and cruel aspersions upon firemen. Not so at all. No one shall or can go farther than we would in bestowing praise upon the self-sacrificing, thoughtful, and, too often, fault-finding, with work of the men who man the brakes or scale the ladder in battling with the fiend. It is for their highest and enduring good that we give utterance to these views, and we are willing to leave our motives in their hands for judgment. Now, citizens of Titusville, let us unite with our Common Council and say to them at the meeting next Saturday night, Go on and buy a STEAM FIRE ENGINE and pay for it as you pay for any other property needed for the good of the place.

Railroad Investigation in Ohio.
 A committee of the Ohio State Senate has been engaged in overhauling the management of railroads, express companies and telegraph companies. The results of its labors are embodied in a report, containing various recommendations, and in two bills containing such provisions as are necessary to carry out the conclusions to which they have come. They recommend that no railroad company shall be permitted to charge more for a shorter distance than for a longer one; that every company shall publish its tariff of rates and shall adhere to them, and be prohibited under penalties from allowing reductions from it to individual shippers or classes of shippers; and that preference in transportation shall be prohibited, except such as are allowed to live stock, perishable freight and the like. The committee condemn the policy of freight and express companies having portions of their stock in the hands of railroad officers and declare that agents and officers of every grade deal with the roads, accept offices and employments inconsistent with their duties, and engage in business which interferes with the rights of the general public. The employment of station agents by express companies is censured, as tending to interfere with the rights of the public in the carrying of baggage and parcels on passenger trains, with the interest of the road in its freight traffic, and with the rights of competing express companies. Finally, it is recommended that there shall be appointed a Commissioner of Railways, who shall be charged with the duty of collecting the statistics and the experience of railroad management in the State; of observing its immediate wants and defects; of attending to the enforcement of the law against railroad corporations, and of examining into abuses in railroad affairs, with the view of protecting the rights of the stockholders and of the public.

Losses at the Sunday Night Fire.—Carl Duff's dwelling house on Arch street, insured for \$500 in the Kensington, of Philadelphia; partial loss. His shoe store on Spring street, insured for \$500 in the Equitable of Philadelphia; total loss—the company, of course, not responsible.

F. F. Eichenlaub.—Saloon; \$1,000 in the Republic and \$1,000 in the Philadelphia Fire—Partial loss.

City of Titusville.—Engine house, Council rooms and lock-up. Loss, fully \$1,000—no insurance.

John S. Boren.—New Drop Inn building and two-story building in the rear; estimated \$1,000—no insurance.

G. A. Martin and S. A. Law Post. of Ellenville, N. Y.—Two story frame building; loss, total—insurance not known.

Henry Noble.—Crytchfield's—House, occupied by Grain; loss about \$500—insured by some out of town agency.

John Moore.—Philadelphia—A small frame building, rented to Richard Palmer and kept as a saloon; loss, probably \$500—insurance not known.

Several parties.—by moving property and some adjoining buildings were damaged.

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The Bankrupt Bill.

The Bankrupt bill, after many tribulations, after being lost, reconsidered, lost again, and again reconsidered, has at length got through both Houses of Congress in a shape which renders it necessary to take a new journey. There seems to be little accord between the two chambers of our national legislature. Whatever one sanctions is usually sure to receive amendments in the other, and when the bill goes back to the body in which it originated, there is very likely to be a failure in consequence. Then pride is aroused, the chamber which amended the original bill will not recede, a committee of conference is necessary, and there is a chance of a failure of the entire proposition. Just in this condition the Bankrupt bill is likely to be. The Senate has amended it very materially, and it is an even chance whether the House will agree to all of the changes. As there are but a few working days of the session, the chances of the Bankrupt bill are, therefore, doubtful, and it will not be prudent to congratulate the business community upon its passage.

Under our present system of laws, a bankrupt law is as much wanted by the creditor as by the debtor. The payment of debts has got to be pretty much a matter of honor, and if one wants to be dishonest, there is no means of getting at his property, except by law suit, subject to delay, judgment and execution, which may fail to find goods wherewith to satisfy it. A bankrupt act, with compulsory features, would diminish fraud, and put in the hands of the creditor a ready remedy whenever he had cause to fear dishonesty. In addition, the passage of such an act would release many ruined men, now despondent and cast down by the effect of misfortune, and doomed by the laws of debtor and creditor to remain without the hope of relief. They would be liberated, and might rise again, and by the fruits of their own industry, be enabled to recompense their fortunes, commencing with industry, and keeping steadily at it. Suppose they never pay a cent on their old debts, their creditors will not be any worse off than they are now; because they can never expect anything from insolvent men, and by holding the whip over them, they prevent them from making an effort to do what is right, if they are disposed to be honest. That many who have failed by misfortune, and not from dishonesty, would be disposed to pay something on the old claims against them, indeed all that they owe, when they could realize the means now, may not be doubted. The passage of a bankrupt act would, therefore, be a measure of wisdom; and although its success at the present session appears to be doubtful, we cannot refrain from the expression of a hope that it will succeed.

How to Economize Fuel.
 Dr. Samuel Warren, author of "Ten Thousand a Year," recently wrote a letter to the Mayor of Hull, England, to say that before leaving for London he desired to make a practical suggestion to the housekeepers of the town. The suggestion was this: "To economize the burning of coal, send for an ironmonger or blacksmith, and order him to take the measure of the bottom of your grate and make you a sheet iron plate of about one-sixth of an inch in thickness, or even less. Simply lay this, and light your fire as usual. It will soon burn up, so you must keep pretty open the lower bar, so as to secure a slight draught. When the fire has begun to burn pretty gently from beneath and the flame will gradually get through the entire mass of coal, the iron plate beneath gets red hot, and so keeps up a constant combustion, at the same time dispersing the heat through the room, instead of its being sent up the chimney, thus entirely consuming the coal, instead of filling the hearth with ashes."

Dr. Warren continues:
 "In my own house I tried the experiment for a week in the breakfast-room, then in the dining-room, then in the kitchen, with uniform and complete success; and then I had the sheet-iron plate sent to my friends, and there are many throughout the country with equal success. So I do with the fireplace in my official residence. When the fire is once made up, by about 10 A. M., for the day, an occasional poke and possibly a single coal will suffice for the day, and I may own coals, and also at my hotel here, where three centuries were required, one now suffices."

You must not smile at the simplicity of my suggestion, but I think my offering to a sincere desire to economize what I have in my power, to promote the comfort of, and lessen expense to, every household in the good old town of Hull."

A citizen of Hull, who has since tried this plan, writes: "The result in my house, where I have had quarter-inch iron plates fitted at the bottom of two fire grates, at an expense of two shillings each, is a saving in coal of about one-third, with a considerable increase in heat. A large number of persons have already satisfactorily tried the experiment, and the use of the plates is likely to become general in this locality." The cost of the experiment is a mere trifle.

JAMES H. HILL'S CONNECTICUT.—Its praise is spoken by all the children in the place, and by all the ladies. In fact, Mr. Hill's establishment could not be dispensed with. It is a satisfaction to get fresh candies, and to know that in their manufacture, perfect cleanliness is the rule. Mr. Hill makes a household candy, that is valuable in cases of colic and sore throats. Buy it, try it, eat it, and you will like it. The manufacturer and salesmen are on Spring street, next west of the Atlantic Hotel.

DEACONS, DISCHARGE FROM THE EARS. Catarrh of the Head, Discharge of the Ears, as well as all affections of the throat and the organs of the chest, treated with unprecedented success by E. S. Aborn, M. D., late surgeon and physician-in-chief of the Nashville Medical and Surgical Institute, and formerly Surgeon to the Eye and Ear Infirmary of San Francisco, California. Five hundred testimonials from prominent persons. Parlors at the American Hotel, Titusville, from Monday, the 18th, until March the 4th.

Currency is not usually enumerated among the virtues of mankind. In the avocations, it predisposes to meanness and thus produces results to which we do not wish at this time to refer. The form of cupidity now in our mind is that which manifests itself in tender epistles and highly ornamented billets, to be delivered by dus course of mail to—well no matter who. A varied and elegant assortment of Valentines can be found at Smith & Phelps, No. 35 Spring street.

Now is the time to purchase blank books at reduced prices. B. N. Hurd & Co. have on hand a large assortment of blank books, consisting of all kinds blank bound, quarto and octavo books, with a fine lot of full bound books of all descriptions, from 20 cents to 75 cents per quire. Also pocket-diaries, in every variety, for ladies and gentlemen, and at prices to suit all. Satisfaction of all qualities and descriptions. Envelopes by the thousand at greatly reduced prices. One hundred and fifty cents paper bags just received, which will be sold cheap for cash. All subscriptions received for daily and weekly papers and all magazines and periodicals. Mr. Hurd has also the finest lot of pocket-knives, scissors and razors in town, with brushes and combs of all descriptions. Feather dusters of all sizes.

St. Louis Extra Family Food. and other choice brands, best teas, sugars, coffee, canned fruit, vegetables and everything usually found in first-class groceries, can be had by calling on Scott & Crossman, Pine street.

NO CUTTING OR PRUNING ABOUT THE EARS.—Dr. Aborn, the distinguished Ocular and Aural Surgeon and Physician for the diseases of the Throat and Chest, who has a world-wide reputation for curing cases after all other means have failed, does not subject his patients to cutting and probing or any other painful operations. Parlors at the American Hotel from Monday, the 18th, until March the 4th.

Messrs. Ross and Neidham.—Have taken particular pains in examining carefully and minutely your new map of the Western Continent, and I am happy to state that I have fully satisfied myself that the map is correct in every particular. Yours truly,
 N. P. MINOY, Pastor St. Paul's.

If you want a stove that will use fuel economically, heat up quickly and give perfect satisfaction, buy Sporn's anti-dustier parlor stove, Balm & Copeland are the agents.

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Oil News.

—The production of the Granite State well on Church Run, is steadily increasing.
 —The joint of tubing which fell into the McCash well on the Foster Farm, about two weeks since, is being drilled out.

—The sucker-rods are broken in the new well on the American Oil Company's tract on Church Run. This well was struck on Sunday last and is reported to have been pumping about 40 barrels per day.

—A new well is being tested on the hill between Bennett and Tarr Runs.
 —A new well is being tested on Lease No. 13, Bennettfield Hill.

—The well on lease No. 5, of the Foster Farm, commenced to pump oil on Saturday.
 —Well No. 4, on lease No. 33, of the Stevenson Farm, which was struck a few days since, is now pumping about 75 barrels per day. The working interest is owned by Mr. J. Stambaugh, W. H. Moore, of Rochester, and N. Ferrum.

—It is reported that a tank of the capacity of 250,000 barrels is to be erected at Boyd Farm by a party of English capitalists. The iron has been purchased and operations are to be commenced within a few weeks.

How to Economize Fuel.
 Dr. Samuel Warren, author of "Ten Thousand a Year," recently wrote a letter to the Mayor of Hull, England, to say that before leaving for London he desired to make a practical suggestion to the housekeepers of the town. The suggestion was this: "To economize the burning of coal, send for an ironmonger or blacksmith, and order him to take the measure of the bottom of your grate and make you a sheet iron plate of about one-sixth of an inch in thickness, or even less. Simply lay this, and light your fire as usual. It will soon burn up, so you must keep pretty open the lower bar, so as to secure a slight draught. When the fire has begun to burn pretty gently from beneath and the flame will gradually get through the entire mass of coal, the iron plate beneath gets red hot, and so keeps up a constant combustion, at the same time dispersing the heat through the room, instead of its being sent up the chimney, thus entirely consuming the coal, instead of filling the hearth with ashes."

Dr. Warren continues:
 "In my own house I tried the experiment for a week in the breakfast-room, then in the dining-room, then in the kitchen, with uniform and complete success; and then I had the sheet-iron plate sent to my friends, and there are many throughout the country with equal success. So I do with the fireplace in my official residence. When the fire is once made up, by about 10 A. M., for the day, an occasional poke and possibly a single coal will suffice for the day, and I may own coals, and also at my hotel here, where three centuries were required, one now suffices."

You must not smile at the simplicity of my suggestion, but I think my offering to a sincere desire to economize what I have in my power, to promote the comfort of, and lessen expense to, every household in the good old town of Hull."

A citizen of Hull, who has since tried this plan, writes: "The result in my house, where I have had quarter-inch iron plates fitted at the bottom of two fire grates, at an expense of two shillings each, is a saving in coal of about one-third, with a considerable increase in heat. A large number of persons have already satisfactorily tried the experiment, and the use of the plates is likely to become general in this locality." The cost of the experiment is a mere trifle.

JAMES H. HILL'S CONNECTICUT.—Its praise is spoken by all the children in the place, and by all the ladies. In fact, Mr. Hill's establishment could not be dispensed with. It is a satisfaction to get fresh candies, and to know that in their manufacture, perfect cleanliness is the rule. Mr. Hill makes a household candy, that is valuable in cases of colic and sore throats. Buy it, try it, eat it, and you will like it. The manufacturer and salesmen are on Spring street, next west of the Atlantic Hotel.

DEACONS, DISCHARGE FROM THE EARS. Catarrh of the Head, Discharge of the Ears, as well as all affections of the throat and the organs of the chest, treated with unprecedented success by E. S. Aborn, M. D., late surgeon and physician-in-chief of the Nashville Medical and Surgical Institute, and formerly Surgeon to the Eye and Ear Infirmary of San Francisco, California. Five hundred testimonials from prominent persons. Parlors at the American Hotel, Titusville, from Monday, the 18th, until March the 4th.

Currency is not usually enumerated among the virtues of mankind. In the avocations, it predisposes to meanness and thus produces results to which we do not wish at this time to refer. The form of cupidity now in our mind is that which manifests itself in tender epistles and highly ornamented billets, to be delivered by dus course of mail to—well no matter who. A varied and elegant assortment of Valentines can be found at Smith & Phelps, No. 35 Spring street.

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TO OIL MEN.
THE ROBERTS

Petroleum' Torpedo

COMPANY.

WM. & FOGG.....	President, New York
GILBERT DEAN.....	Counsel, ..
W. R. ROBERTS.....	Secretary, ..
G. TITUS.....	Treasurer

Office, 47 Bond-St., New York.

COL. E. A. ROBERTS,

General Superintendent, Titusville, Pennsylvania

FACTORY AT THE RED PLANING MILL.

Heretofore we have in our cylinders, alluded to a series of experiments being made with Nitro Glycerine and other explosives. We now announce that we have succeeded, even beyond our most sanguine expectations, in regards the safety handling, also the unprecedented force our power manifests by a skillful combination whereby the size of the Torpedo is lessened and the force many times multiplied. We are now prepared to operate on wells with any of the above named explosives—either with our improved combination—our old Combination

tion Torpedo, which as a record of utility to well known to need mention here.

81. Nitro Glycerine, equal to 154 the powder..... 3150
154 129 lbs. powder..... 2000
Improved combination equal to 100 lbs. the powder..... 2000
Improved combination equal to 150 lbs powder..... 2000
Double combination, equal to 250 to 1000 lbs. the powder..... 5000

CAUTION.—This public is cautioned against employing any but the regularly authorized agents of this Company, since their patent, according to the United States Patent Office, is the only one for the United States, covers the use of the Torpedo and all other explosive substances, and the use of the same by unauthorized parties is a direct infringement of their rights and we shall hold land working interests to be strictly accountable for such infringement.

Agents for Tor and Hood Firearms—Messrs. Barrows & Co., 100 Broadway, New York.

For Benetoch and Sterner's Firearms—W. B. Snow, Superintendent Hart's & Co's Rifle Line

Agents for the Petroleum Company—Charles A. Dunn and Levi Mason

—Tara Farm, June 12, 1896—

COL. E. A. L. ROBERTS—Dear Sir: Yours of the 11th instant, asking for information as to the results from the explosion of the Torpedo in various wells, and the value of this farm, is at hand, and we take great pleasure in making the following statement, based upon our own observations, and the reports of the various well owners, persons owning interests in the wells mentioned below.

First. The Tara Homestead Company had first Torpedoed on the 11th inst. at a point about 100 yards from the well. Of these two wells now had been drilled and the other, pumping nearly 120 barrels, taken together, but they were not the best. The 11th inst. was the best, and the wells produced per day, after the explosion of the Torpedo, both commenced to flow and produced about 160 barrels per day.

Second. Keystone well. This well pumped at its highest point about 40 barrels per day, decreased to 20 barrels per day, and the 11th inst. was the best, and the wells commenced to flow, and now flowing from 100 to 250 barrels per day.

Third. The Barrett well. Had pumped as high as 200 barrels per day, and had decreased to 10 barrels. The Torpedoed well increased it to flowing to 100 barrels per day, and the 11th inst. was the best. Homestead at best pumped about 20 barrels, had decreased until the Torpedo was put in, and is now pumping 40 barrels per day.

Fourth. The 11th inst. is increasing both in size and oil.

Fifth. Other wells in the same neighborhood have been brought up from pumping, in the aggregate about 100 barrels, to producing over 100 barrels per day, and in some cases more. The 11th inst. is increasing both in size and oil. They will, to all appearances, reach a much higher point.

There has not been a single exception of this farm where your Torpedo has not greatly benefited the well operated upon. All have been marked men, and the results have been such as to cause every well owner expense was repaid in two days, and he believes all the wells have been equally favorable applicants.

Very respectfully,
The Tara Homestead Company, Agents for the Torpedo, mentioned above, taken together, is fully 100 percent over the highest point these wells ever reached.

[illegible]

men of two thirds with the third kind, and resulted in the invention of a daily yield of from thirty to fifty barrels of oil. In view of these facts, we cordially recommend a trial of the Roberts' Petroleum to all oil owners without cost, either by trial or by two cents to promise. We consider the invention to be one of the most practical values, as evidenced by the fact that this well from one of our clients, who wish to use twenty many thousand dollars, (thence) to be made.

J. P. MERRICK, Agent on Board Farm,
HENRY BRYSON, Superintendent House Pet. Co.,
J. H. MERRICK, M. T. C. S. Superintendent District Well, House Farm.

M. W. SAGE, Superintendent Board Farm Pet. Co.,
no. 142.

HEWITT, SCOFIELD & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
For the sale of
CRUDE AND REFINED PETROLEUM,
Oil, 164 Wacker Street, Corner Madison Lane (see map)
N. Y., 154 Wacker Street, No. 9 Franklin St., Titusville, Fla.
W. L. HEWITT, New York
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JAMES H. DAVIS
Manufactures
OIL TANKS
of all sizes and shapes, and on the tank, none but the best material used, and the workmen employed, and sells as cheap as the cheapest.

On the corner of Main street, was of Terry, Titusville, MAY 10

**THE BEST
BOOT AND SHOE STORE
IN TITUSVILLE.**

The undersigned would respectfully announce to his many friends and customers and the public generally that he has lately

RENEWED HIS STOCK

of Boots and that he has now the

**LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTMENT OF
BOOTS AND SHOES**

in this city. He bought his stock, so usually, with a view to quality, not price, and so he can assure that his prices are the lowest price, BUT THAT HIS QUALITY IS THE GREATEST AND AT THE LOWEST PRICE IN THE NORTH AND SOUTH. His assortment is well known as being the best in the city, and it shall be his endeavor to make good his reputation.

He will continue to do **CUSTOM WORK** as heretofore, and **WARRANT** all his work, as manufactured by him to give satisfaction. Regarding

ADAMANT SINGLES,
Opposite the American Hotel.

Titusville, Oct. 25, 1892. 4936